## Second Semester Main Examination, June-2021 ENGLISH - II [BALLB-121]

**Time: 3:00** Max Marks 80 Note: Attempt any five questions out of seven. All questions carry equal marks. Explain any four of the following legal terms in English. Q.1 (a) [4] i) Attornment ii) Certiorari iii) Forfeit iv) Ratification v) **Tampering** vi) M. (b) Explain any four of the following Latin maxima in English. [4] i) Factum Valet ii) Doli in capax Suo molu iv) Sine die iii) Modus Vivendi vi) I bid v) (c) Substitute a single word against any four of the following [4] A bride's Outfit ii) Government by department of state i) One who dies for a noble cause iii) One who devotes his service or wealth for the love of mankind. iv) A place for housing aeroplane. v) vi) A hatter of Marriage (d) Distinguish between the following pair of words in sentence of your own (any four) [4] Describe & proscribe. i) Apathy & empathy. ii) Bale & bail. iii) iv) Degree and decree.

v)

vi)

Differ & Defer. Gaol & Goal Q.2 Read the passage and answer the questions that follow:

Since July 1999, The Government of India has effectively put the liberalization policy into practice, The drastic steps even in clued some administrative reforms for pruning the Government agencies last year Japanese business circle represented by the Shikawa mission called attention of their Indian counter parts to whey they considered to be the Major impediments in India however, thanks to the almost revolutionary reforms put into effect by the Indian Government, These impediments either have been removed and now are on their way out, This development gives a new hope for the future of economic cooperation between two countries, notably, china and south east Asian stories of ASEAN countries be made by Indian business circles. The coastal areas of China have initiated a very active campaign to welcome foreign economic participation.

Questions: [12]

- (i) What was the Indian Government reaction to the hurdles in the way of bilateral trade between India and Japan.
- (ii) What drasl steps were taken by the Indian Government to implement its liberalization policy?
- (iii) Which mission represented the Japanese business circle?
- (iv) Give the Synonyms of the following words. (a) Drastic (b) pruning
- Q.3 Write an essay on any one of the Following
  - (a) Stutent participation in Legal Aid program
  - (b) Social responsibility of Lawyers
  - (c) Justice delayed in Justice Denied
  - (d) Introvert socal media uses and misuse

[8]

Q.4 Write a letter to your friend staying in the U.S about India's swatch Bharat Abhiyan.

OR

Write a letter to the edition of the times of India drawing on the importance of the responsibility of a Voter.

[8]

#### Q.5 Translate into Hindi?

The word 'Citizen' literally means a resident of a city or a person who enjoyes certain privileges by virtue of residence in city. Thus when we speak of the Citizens of London

New York or Calcutta, We mean those persons who live in there cities of exercise the rights which belong to them in them in this Capacity.

[4]

In its wider sense the word 'Citizen' stands for a person who resides in a state and is Subject to it in all matters and it is in this wider sense that the word is generally used. Citizenship may therefor be understand to mean the rights, privileges, duties and responsibilities of a person who belongs to that state the greatest right of a Citizen is the protection of his life and property by law.

Q.6

greatest right of a Citizen is the protection of his life and property by law.
Do as directed
(a) Fill in the blanks with suitable modals.
(i) God bless you with Success.
(ii) The shops have closed by now.
(iii) Don't run test youfall.
(iv) It rain you'd better take an Umbrella.
(v) She prefers Coffee tea.
(b) Fill in the blanks with suitable prepositions (any four)
(i) The Windows haven't been cleaned weeks.
(ii) The Malwa express will be arriving plat form no 3
(iii) We should abide on the rules of the college.
(iv) He insisted seeing the documents.
(v) She prefers coffeetea.
(c) Combine the following sentences any four using too or enough.
(i) The Coffee is not stron it won't keep us awake.
(ii) It was very fat. I could not see it.
(iii) You spoke very slowly. All could understand you.
(iv) She is very weak. She cannot pass the exam.
(v) They walked very fast, They reached in him
(d) Insert the correct pronoun or the possessive forms in the following sentences
(any five)
(i) It was very kind of father to gives a light.
(ii) Joan is two years older thenbrother.
(iii) The two children were waiting for father.
(iv) The manager asked the visitors intooffice.
(v) Could you please landyour dictionary.
(vi) We offered to helpin their difficulty.
(vii) The Queengave away the awards.
(viii) He injured in the accident.

Enrollment No.....

#### B.A. LL.B

## Second Semester Main Examination, June-2021 Political Science-II [BALLB-122]

Time: 3:00 Max Marks 80

Note: Attempt any five questions. All questions carry equal marks.

- Q.1 Define Public Administration, Analysis its scope with reference to POSDCORB.
  लोक प्रशासन को परिभाषित कीजिए तथा POSDCORB के सदंर्भ में इसके क्षेत्र को समझाइए।
- Q.2 Explain briefly the basic principles of the Public Administration. लोक प्रशासन के प्रमुख सिध्दांतो की संक्षिप्त व्याख्या कीजिए।
- Q.3 Define Organization and Explain Various types of Organization. संगठन को परिभाषित करते हुए इसके प्रकारों को समझाइये।
- Q.4 What are Public Corporation? Discuss their characteristics Advantages and disadvantages.
  लोक निगम क्या है? इसकी विशेषताओं तथा लाभ हानियों का वर्णन कीजिए।
- Q.5 Discuss the meaning, aims and various kinds of Training. प्रशिक्षण का अर्थ, उददेश्य एवं विभिन्न प्रकारों का वर्णन कीजिए।
- Q.6 Describe the organization and powers of Panchayati Raj in India. भारत में पंचायती राज के संगठन एवं शक्तियों का वर्णन कीजिए।
- Q.7 Explain Centralization and Decentralization. Discuss their merits and demerits केन्द्रीयकरण एवं विकेन्द्रीकरण को समझाइए तथा इसके गुण दोषों का वर्णन कीजिए।

Enrollment No.....

#### B.A. LL.B

## Second Semester Main Examination, June-2021 HISTORY-II [BALLB-123]

<u>Time: 3:00</u> <u>Max Marks 80</u>

Note: Attempt any five questions. All questions carry equal marks.

- Q.1 Discuss the circumstance leading to the establishment of rule of East India Company?
  बंगाल में ईस्ट इण्डिया कम्पनी की सत्ता की स्थापना की परिस्थितियों की विवेचना कीजिये।
- Q.2 "Robert Clive was the real founder of the British Empire in India. "रॉबर्ट क्लाईव भारत में ब्रिटिश साम्राज्य का वास्तविक संस्थापक था।" विवेचना कीजिये।
- Q.3 Describe the causes and results of the Revolt of 1857. 1857 के विद्रोह के कारण व परिणामों का वर्णन कीजिये।
- Q.4 Discuss the causes which responsible of the Origin of National Awakening in India.

  भारत में राष्ट्रीय जागति के उदभव के उत्तरदायी कारणों की विवेचना कीजिए।
- Q.5 Evaluate the role of Mahatma Gandhi in the Indian Freedom Movement.

  भारतीय स्वतत्रंता आंदोलन में महात्मा गांधी की भूमिका का मृल्याकंन कीजिए।
- Q.6 Discuss the Judicial reforms of Warren Hastings. वारेन हैस्टिंग्स के न्यायिक सुधारों की विवेचना कीजिए।
- Q.7 Discuss the Circumstances leading to the partition of India. भारत विभाजन की परिस्थितियों का विवेचन कीजिये।

## Second Semester Main Examination, June-2021 Economics-II [BALLB-124]

Time: 3:00 Max Marks 80

Note: Attempt any five questions. All questions carry equal marks.

- Q.1 Write an essay on problem of unemployment in India. भारत में बेरोजगारी की समस्या पर एक निबंध लिखिए
- Q.2 Explain role of private sector in economic development of India. भारत के आर्थिक विकास में निजी क्षेत्र की भार्मिका स्पस्ट किजिए
- Q.3 "Agriculture is an engine of economic development" critically examine this Statement.
  "कृषि आर्थिक विकास का इंजन है।" इस कथन की समीक्षा कीजिए
- Q.4 What is meant by Deficit Financing? What is the role of deficit financing in Economic Development. हीनार्थ प्रबंधन से क्या आशय है? हीनार्थ प्रबंधक की आर्थिक विकास में क्या भूमिका है।
- Q.5 "Export promotion and import substitution are the need of the hour in India" Discuss the statement.
  "निर्यात संवर्ध्दन एवं आयात प्रतिस्थापना भारत की आज सबसे बड़ी आवश्यकता है? कथन की विवेचना कीजिए।
- Q.6 Describe the functions affecting Agriculture Productivity in India. भारत में कृषि उत्पादकता को प्रभावित करने वाले तत्वों की विवेचना कीजिए।
- Q.7 What is meant by Land Reforms? Critically explain land reforms in India. भूमि सुधार से क्या आशय है? भारत में भूमि सुधारों की आलोचनात्मक व्याख्या कीजिए।

### Second Semester Main Examination, June-2021 Law of Contract - II [BALLB-125]

Time: 3:00 Hrs Max Marks 80

Note: Attempt any five questions. All questions carry equal marks.

- Q.1 Define the contract of Indemnity and explain its meaning. Discuss the rights of indemnity holder against the provison. क्षतिपूर्ति की संविदा की परिभाषा दीजिये एवं इसका अर्थ समझाइये। एक क्षतिपूर्ति के वचनदाता के प्रति अधिकारों की विवेचना कीजिए।
- Q.2 What do you mean Understand by Contract of sale and goods? Explain its essential elements.

  माल विक्रय की संविदा से आप क्या समझते है? इसके आवश्यक तत्वों को समझाइये।
- Q.3 Explain Contract of guarantee. What is continuing guarantee? differentiate the contract of guarantee from contract of indemnity. प्रत्याभूति की संविदा समझाइये। सतत् प्रत्याभूति क्या है? प्रत्याभूति की संविदा में अंतर स्पष्ट कीजिए।
- Q.4 "No seller can give to byer of goods a better title the he himself has" Explain this rule and state its exceptions. Illustrate your answer. कोई विक्रेता उस स्वत्व से जो उसे प्राप्त है, श्रेष्ठतर स्वत्व क्रेता को अंतरित नहीं कर सकता इस नियम को समझाइये और अपवादों को बताइये। उत्तर उदाहरण सहित दीजिए।
- Q.5 Can minor be admitted to the benefit of partnership? If yes what are the rights and liabilities of such minor before and after attaining majority? क्या भागीदारी के लाभार्थ एक अवयस्क को भागीदार बनाया जा सकता है? यदि हाँ तो एक अवयस्क के वयस्क होने के पूर्व एवं बाद में क्या अधिकार व दायित्व होंगे।
- Q.6 Mention the rights and duties of an agent against his principle. एक अभिकर्ता के अपने स्वामी के प्रति अधिकार और कर्तव्यों को बताइये।
- Q.7 Explain any two of the following. निम्नलिखित में से किन्ही दो पर संक्षिप्त टिप्पणी लिखिए।
  - (a) Dormant partnership / निष्क्रिय भागीदारी
  - (b) Right to lien / धारणाधिकार
  - (c) Containing Guarantee / चिरगामी प्रतिभूति

## Second Semester Main Examination, June-2020 Constitutional Law-I [BALLB-126]

<u>Time: 3:00</u> <u>Max Marks 80</u>

Note: Attempt any five questions. All questions carry equal marks.

- Q.1 Critically examine the problem of Social, political and economic justice. सामाजिक ,आर्थिक और राजनैतिक न्याय की समस्या का आलोचनात्मक परीक्षण कीजिए।
- Q.2 Are our constitution with federality strictly established the Parliamentary form of Government? Explain. क्या हमारा संविधान संघात्मक के साथ पूर्णरूप से संसदीय प्रजातंत्र की स्थापना करता है? समझाइये।
- Q.3 What is the Principles of rule of law? In what way has this principle been incorporated in the Indian Constitution.

  विधि के शासन का सिध्दांत क्या है? भारतीय संविधान में इसका समावेश किस तरह किया गया है।
- Q.4 Explain the advisory Jurisdiction of the Supreme court. सर्वोच्च न्यायालय के सलाहकारी क्षेत्राधिकार का वर्णन कीजिए।
- Q.5 What is meant by the money bill? Describe the procedure of passing the money bill are there any deadlock in passing the Money Bill. वित्त विधेयक का क्या अर्थ है? वित्त विधेयक पारित करने की प्रक्रिया का वर्णन कीजिए। क्या वित्त विधेयक को पारित होने में गतिरोध हो सकता है?
- Q.6 Discuss the composition and writ Jurisdiction of High Court. उच्च न्यायालय का गठन और याचिका सुनने के क्षेत्राधिकार की विवेचना कीजिए।
- Q.7 Write short notes on any two of the following. निम्नलिखित में से किन्ही दो पर टिप्पणी लिखिए।
  - (a) Citizenship / नागरिकता
  - (b) Prime minister / प्रधानमंत्री
  - (c) Judicial review / न्यायिक पुनर्विलोकन
  - (d) Governor / राज्यपाल